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1. Abstract

a) What is Eternal God Chain and YYDS

Eternal God Chain is a blockchain based project that was created to solve the problems of the current charity system. We aim to create a more transparent and efficient charity platform. With the help of our smart contract, we will be able to provide a platform for individuals who want to donate but do not have the knowledge of how to do so. The Eternal God Chain is also aiming to solve the problem of trust between donors and charities. The smart contract will ensure that all transactions are carried out fairly and accurately. The project is backed by London Blockchain Foundation (UK registered charity number ##### - to be made).

YYDS is the BEP20 token that will power the Eternal God Chain platform, a first-of-its-kind blockchain platform that will revolutionize the non-profit industry. The platform will allow donors to track how their donations are used by organizations and will provide transparency and accountability to the sector.

b) Why the World Needs Eternal God Chain

"Charities face declining donations among the young, increasing skepticism over CEO pay and concerns about where donations end up." (Forbes, 2019) The world is in an urgent need for a new philanthropy solution that suits the millennials.

A New Era of Cryptocurrency and Charities Cryptocurrency: Blockchain technology has the potential to become a new and more efficient way for charities to operate, especially when it comes to fundraising, transferring money, and fund traceability. The transparency and accountability that blockchain technology provides is a powerful tool in the hands of nonprofits. It can also help donors to better track where their money goes. **But most**

importantly, it may be the key that opens the door to financial inclusion for millions of individuals around the world. It is important for charities to embrace blockchain technology and understand its potential in order to remain relevant in a digital age. By doing so, they can better serve their constituencies and continue providing much-needed services for years to come.

c) How does it work

Many typical charities are operating with unreasonably high administrative costs and other avoidable wastes. A lot of them do not operate transparently, most are unable to establish a verifiable giving chain. Administration and fundraising are charities' second-largest costs after grants and charitable giving. (Chronicle Poll, 2015) Eternal God Chain aims to improve traditional charity structure. Blockchain improves charity funding and the asset distribution process. Firstly, Common administrative tasks will be much reduced through smart contract automation thus reducing the cost of admin staff. Blockchain has made direct and efficient charity aid possible. It is easier for the emergent help to reach the need in a faster response time. Furthermore, all data is stored safely on the blockchain and all transactions will be broadcasted openly. It is clear to everyone where each individual donation comes from and where it goes to. While all transactions remain transparent to the public, some donors can still achieve anonymity on the Eternal God Chain if they wish. We use smart contracts which are used to manage donations and ensure transparency in the system. Smart contracts are self-executing contracts which act as a third party in any agreement between two parties. It is tamper proof hence cannot be manipulated or cheated in any way. We have used this technology in our system as it ensures transparency during transactions and ensures that every transaction made on our platform is traceable. In addition, the

Eternal God Chain solution enables target-specific donations for participants. Our token holders are able to choose directly which project or charity they wish to support. There is another notable feature of YYDS, the deflation mechanism we adopt. We have added an additional 1% to each transaction as a commission which will also be distributed proportionally between all YYDS token holders. We will be burning 10% of all the transaction fees we receive on our platform (Charity Pool) each month to increase the value of YYDS token. This will create a constant flow of liquidity in both directions and increase the demand for YYDS tokens in addition to the growing number of transactions on our platform as well as those organisations that are using Eternal God Chain's services.

Lastly, the Eternal God Chain has made transnational donations possible. We are trying to offer the public more options on where one can contribute towards. There are usually many limitations on individuals making foreign donations with traditional charities. Our next milestone is to reach out to more people in different countries and help them realize the importance of charity. We want to help more people understand that there are various ways to give back and that they should not be limited by their means. We aim to have more philanthropists join our platform and make a difference in other lives.

d) How can I be a part of the Eternal God Chain

The Eternal God Chain is a public blockchain project and anyone can be a part of it. All you need to do is acquire some YYDS tokens and then use your tokens to vote for the projects you wish to support or add value to.

2. The Challenge

a) Traditional Charity Status in Quo

The United States is home to roughly 1.6 million tax-exempt organizations. (Source: Tampa BayTimes) There are millions of charities in the United States, but many of them are not legitimate. In fact, the Federal Trade Commission (FTC) has estimated that only 35% of all U.S. charities are trustworthy and ethical. (Source: Tampa BayTimes) Millions of Americans fall victim to charity scams every year. According to a report by the Federal Trade Commission (FTC), Americans donated more than \$358 billion to charity in 2014 alone. Unfortunately, a significant percentage of that money was likely wasted on fraudulent operations posing as legitimate charities. (Source: Tampa BayTimes) Charity scams usually target older people who are more likely to donate to causes they believe in, or who have accumulated a substantial amount of wealth that they want to pass on after their death. Some scammers have been known to pose as IRS agents or government officials who claim that your donation is tax deductible. Others may convince you that your donation will go directly to help victims of major disasters like Hurricane Katrina or the September 11th attacks on the World Trade Center. (Source: Tampa BayTimes)

"You don't want to choose a charity by the name alone, since your donation may go to a questionable group," says Bennett Weiner, chief operating officer of the charity watchdog BBB Wise Giving Alliance. Even with 'legitimate' charitable organizations, some of those only allocate a small portion of their donations to the cause that they say they support. For example, Kids Wish Network, according to Heavy.com, only 2.5 cents for every

dollar raised goes towards the sick kids it claims to help; Cancer Fund of America - 2.5%; Breast Cancer Relief Foundation - 2%, etc. The list can go on and on.

A series of scandals have rocked the way that the public perceives the typical charity, and trust in charitable organizations. It's no coincidence that headline-grabbing scandals in the world of philanthropy coincided with the decline in faith toward these organizations. At the same time, they struggle with inefficient, underfunded administration, often can't direct aid adequately and frequently see the most vulnerable and needy miss-out. Essentially, the term charity has been used and abused, and much of the public is no longer willing to take charities' word as bond. (Ilker Koksal, Forbes, How Blockchain Technology Can Re-invent Charity, 2019)

"Our younger generations fail to keep up with their forebears in the generosity stakes." Professor Sarah Smith's excellent research, which builds on the 'New State of Donation' study, shows that the UK's older people – particularly those over the age of 60 – are increasingly taking the lion's share of responsibility when it comes to giving and are now six times more generous than the under-30s. (Charities Aid Foundation, 2012)

Chronicle Poll Finds 1 in 3 Americans Lacks Faith in Charities. (Suzanne Perry, 2015)

b) The key problems of traditional philanthropy

Relying on modern Internet technology, philanthropy activities are constantly developing around the world, providing more convenience for participants. However, on the whole, there are still many problems in traditional philanthropy. The openness, transparency, and rapid dissemination of the Internet also impose higher transparency requirements on public welfare and charities. As charitable organizations play the role of trust intermediary from donors to recipients, their credibility affects the public's

enthusiasm and confidence in participating in charity. Scandals of charitable organizations exposed online are more likely to cause a widespread lack of trust, and will greatly weaken the public's trust and willingness to donate. With the increase in donations year by year, public welfare charities still have problems such as low credibility, insufficient transparency, and insufficient overall management capabilities, making charitable organizations and charitable activities face a crisis of trust and efficiency.

c) Lack of public trust

The biggest problem facing philanthropy is the lack of trust from the public. The main reasons for the low credibility of charity and public welfare undertakings are as follows:

- Insufficient information disclosure of charitable organizations and opaque capital flows have led to many loopholes in charitable activities that can be operated in a black box.
- The internal governance mechanism of charitable organizations is not sound,
 leading to the problems of lax management and improper fund operation.
- Public charity organizations have a high degree of freedom, and external supervision needs to be further strengthened.

d) Low efficiency of overall management

Another problem in traditional philanthropy is the low efficiency of overall management. The limited information sharing of the traditional public welfare system

has led to many problems in terms of fund management, information recording, supervision and auditing, and material distribution. The main reasons are as follows:

- Limited information sharing results in limited sharing of funds management and information records.
- Public welfare funds are first entered into the central institution's account and then
 processed by the institution. Multi-level operations increase the cost of the project.
 Manual processes lead to high cost of public welfare audits.
- The degree of digitization is low, and there is no open and comprehensive system that can trace the location of materials in real-time after material donation. The distribution of materials and the lack of an information database for organizations with scarce resources have resulted in low material distribution efficiency.

3. The Solution

a) Tech Behind Us

In response to the above problems, we use blockchain technology to provide a new path for philanthropy. Blockchain is an information infrastructure that uses a block chain-like data structure to verify and store data, uses a distributed node consensus algorithm to generate and update data, uses cryptographic principles to encrypt data, and uses smart contracts to execute programs. In other words, it is a data structure that stores data in a growing chain of blocks that are connected by cryptography. Each block on the blockchain consists of three core components: data, the hash of the previous block, and the hash of the subsequent block. A block's hash is a function that takes data as an input and converts it into an immutable hashed output that cannot be traced back to its input.

b) Binance Smart Chain

The Eternal God Token utilises Binance Smart Chain (BSC) for smart contract and dAPP growth. Binance smart chain achieves a 3 second block time by using a consensus algorithm known as Proof of Staked Authority (POSA), in which each participant stakes BNB to become Validators. This allows multiple validators to be processed instead of miners as in the case of traditional consensus algorithms. The main reasons we chose Binance Smart Chain was due to its many end-user-beneficial features and designs, namely low transaction costs, less congestion, and security. Furthermore, Binance Smart Chain is a brand-new blockchain that works in tandem

with the original Binance Chain. This dual-chain principle allows traders to seamlessly move assets from one blockchain to the next, making the Binance Smart Chain more powerful for developing decentralized applications.

c) Deflation Mechanism (RFI)

Eternal God Token implements the RFI mechanism inside it's smart contract. This involves adding a 1% additional fee to each transaction. A portion of this transaction fee is immediately and automatically distributed proportionally between all YYDS token holders regardless of the number of the YYDS tokens in their wallet as long as they hold some amount of YYDS token. The other portion of the fee will be used to buy back tokens from exchanges, it will be automatically sent to our charity pool and subject to the burning process based on community voting outcome. This mechanism is encoded directly in our smart contract. The extra 1% fee is charged automatically by the token contract, and proceeds will be immediately reflected in every token holders' balance. There are no extra transactions required to find your balance, therefore while no gas expense is required your YYDS wallet balance will increase with every new transaction of the YYDS token. As the value of the YYDS token increases, users have an incentive to keep HOLD their tokens earned or obtained from trading, which helps to reduce access to YYDS token demand which equates to a natural increase in value. This innovative method rewards token holders by ensuring they receive rewards for believing the project. Moreover, the more people join the network, the larger rewards are distributed to the YYDS holders as per our deflation mechanism, the number of tokens in circulation decreases over time.

*RFI PROJECT

RFI works by applying a 1% fee to each transaction and instantly splitting that fee among all holders of the token. Holders do not need to stake or wait for fees to be delivered. Fees are awarded by the smart contract and are immediately reflected in the holder's balance. There is no team or central party that awards fees with RFI. There is no interface needed to claim the fees. No action needs to be taken on the part of the holder other than to hold RFI in a wallet they control. With RFI, there are no vaults that could be hacked and drained or treasury funds that could be mis-managed. There is only the free market. The RFI smart contract is complete at launch. There was no ICO, no pre-sale, and no fundraising of any kind. There are no more features to add. There is no individual or team to be relied upon to give RFI any value. In most DeFi applications, users must stake or park their tokens in a contract to earn a yield. RFI holders can use their tokens in third party lending, yield farming, or any other smart contract in addition to earning yield from the transaction fees. To facilitate this, the RFI smart contract exposes some new methods that allow staking contracts to easily determine the fees earned by each holder for any period of time even when funds are pooled together. This is a huge leap that enables direct staking of RFI and double yield generation. (Source: reflect.finance)

d) Security

YYDS builds upon the RFI Token mechanism, implementing its innovative way to distribute fees as a means of deflation while improving upon it; adding the ability to mint and burn the token and at the same time removing security risks it had that were made apparent by an audit into the Safemoon Token.

e) Open source code

- The reason why the blockchain can improve the credibility of users is precisely that it transforms the trust of strangers into the trust of established codes.
- The openness of the code is the basis of trust in the code. Through the code, people
 can clearly understand how it runs, whether it has loopholes, and whether it has
 been modified or upgraded.
- As a non-profit organization, public code will not involve its commercial interests.
- Conversely, if the blockchain code is kept secret, it will cause doubts about whether the foundation of the information on the chain is trustworthy.

f) Distributed ledger

Decentralization In the blockchain system, once the transaction is confirmed, it will be broadcast to the entire network immediately, and each node will synchronously record the received transaction information on the ledger, which simplifies the information update process, thereby reducing the operating cost of the organization.

At the same time, since each node has the full amount of ledger data, transaction data can be endorsed by multiple nodes, which avoids the loss of ledger and also avoids the possibility of a single bookkeeper being controlled or bribed to keep false accounts, ensuring the security of the account data.

In addition, because the cost of tampering with transaction data is very high, the non-tampering feature of distributed data storage also enhances the credibility of the data, thereby also improving the credibility of the platform.

In addition, each node of the blockchain stores complete data in accordance with the block chain structure, and the data information can be traced through the "timestamp" technology and chain structure. Each event and transaction has a timestamp, making records retrospective.

g) Smart contract

- Through smart contracts, the responsibilities, and obligations of charitable project donors and recipients can be specified in the code. When the agreed conditions are reached, the transfer is realized, which can effectively ensure that the use of charity funds meets the needs.
- The use of smart contracts effectively bypasses many third-party service agencies, such as custodians, intermediate guarantees, etc. This reduces the cost of donation transfers and greatly accelerates the speed of donation transfers so that funds can be delivered to places in need faster.
- The use of smart contracts can also eliminate many manual transaction steps and reduce operational risks.

Smart contracts are applications that run on blockchain technology that have rules and conditions programmed into them and initiate certain events when these conditions are met. In the case of philanthropy, these contracts can represent agreements between the giver and the charitable organization. This brings a lot of opportunities for all the parties involved in the donation process and can make it fully automated and uncompromising. Clauses and provisions could be built right into the smart contracts and stipulate when and where funds, goods, or supplies should be transferred. These agreements could regulate the percentage of payments that go to support the charitable cause. The whole process of dispersing donations could be streamlined, from receiving the payment to choosing the recipients to finalizing transactions to beneficiaries. This builds a lot more trust between the charity organizations and the givers, allowing them

to see how the money is spent and get a refund if the impact of the donation was not verified by the smart contract. (Source: pixelplex.io)

At present, only when charitable organizations take the initiative to publicize, people can understand the purpose of the donation. This makes it difficult to stop even if the funds are known to be used inappropriately. Therefore, if the purposes can be publicized in advance and evaluated whether is appropriate, the wrong use of funds can be further avoided.

h) Token ecological incentive

The token economy of the blockchain wants to turn the originally free social behavior into an incentive market behavior. In addition to the role of payment or value storage, the pass is also designed for more complex and diverse functions such as equity, financial assets, and reward points.

Incentive mechanism is the core point of benefit distribution and use. Through the incentive mechanism, network consensus is reached, so that participants in each link of the blockchain can obtain corresponding returns, and co-work efficiently. The system is largely protected from various threats and attacks. This is equivalent to the participants jointly maintaining the security of the system and promoting the ecological development of the system.

In summary, blockchain is a distributed accounting technology with multi-party maintenance, full backup, and information security. It has the characteristics of decentralization, non-tampering, full trace retention, traceability, collective maintenance, openness, and transparency. The rich application scenarios of blockchain are to solve the problems of opaque information, insufficient incentives for participants in each link,

and low overall system operation efficiency, and to achieve collaborative trust and concerted action among multiple entities.

i) Sustainable DeFi

Sustainable DeFi further advances the concept of DeFi, by embedding DeFi mechanisms, together with claims verification, into a stateful, graph-based, programmable and trustworthy blockchain infrastructure. A key differentiator, in comparison with most DeFi applications to-date, is that Sustainable DeFi crypto economic mechanisms are deterministically driven by extrinsic real-world state changes. This is an extremely powerful concept, because what happens in the real-world is what matters. Sustainable DeFi responds to changes in the state of the world by autonomously triggering events — such as price changes, or payment transactions, which change the state of a blockchain. An even more powerful idea, which leads from this, is that changes in the state of a blockchain can bring about changes in the state of the real world. Human behaviours are substantially influenced by blockchain state-changes when:

- People receive the financial incentive of being paid for results.
- The current state of progress towards shared goals is both visible and accountable to all stakeholders.
- Trust is elevated by making claims verifiable, with independently verified data as evidence. Sustainable DeFi can therefore better align people's incentives to work together, invest their money into outcomes they collectively care about, pool available resources, and coordinate their actions to achieve the future-state outcomes in which they all have a stake.

Sustainable DeFi requires trustworthy interfaces between the real-world and blockchain state-machines, which are bound to a series of state-changes over time,

recorded in an ordered, directed acyclic graph. With reliable signalling mechanisms and economic stakes, bonded to reality.

4. Core Protocols

a) Token Structure

Total Supply of YYDS

1,000,000,000,000

50% - 500,000,000,000 YYDS - Charity Pool

10% - 100,000,000,000 YYDS - Public Token Sale

5% - 50,000,000,000 YYDS - Community Rewards

15% - 150,000,000,000 YYDS - Liquidity

5% - 50,000,000,000 YYDS - Presale Contributors

5% - 50,000,000,000 YYDS - Organisational Partners

5% - 50,000,000,000 YYDS - Future Development

5% - 50,000,000,000 YYDS - Operating costs

b) Airdrop

We will airdrop a maximum of 500,000,000 YYDS (1% of the community rewards pool) to supporters who showed their interest before the public token sale by registering at our websites or other official channels.

c) Lockup Schedule

Option1 - 12 month lockup

Option2 - 2 weeks lockup

Airdrop - 6 month lockup

Presale Contributors - 2 weeks lockup

Developing Team - 12 months lockup

d) Community-Oriented Management Structure

We have our official forum at godchain.co.uk/forum. Community members vote for all major decisions including project/charity selecting, the amount and the frequency of tokens to be burnt, etc.

e) Deflation Mechanism

See 3.(c) Deflation Mechanism (RFI)

f) What do all participants receive

Participants will receive bep-20 token YYDS. Simply by holding it you are already participating in charitable acts, or you can donate to the project you wish to support directly. YYDS holders will also receive rewarding YYDS from transaction fees that are distributed proportionally based on their YYDS holdings in their wallet address.

We also prepared hundreds of futuristic designed Face Masks and T-shirts to reward our community.

g) How do you acquire

Airdrop:

Forum rewards: You will first need an account on the Eternal God Chain website.

After creating an account, go on to the community rewards section and leave your

BEP-20 wallet address as well as your social media account. We will only airdrop to
those having real social media accounts.

More airdrop schedules will be announced at a later time.

Public Token Sale:

You will need an account on our partner exchanges' platform. After creating an account, you will have to complete KYC verification before purchasing any YYDS tokens. Details will be announced on our websites and social media at a later date.

Pancake Swap:

Tutorial of exchanging YYDS on Pancake Swap will be released on our website.

5. Who We Are

a) London Blockchain Foundation

London Blockchain Foundation (LBF) is a registered charity sponsored by some avant technology-oriented companies. We are dedicated to impact crypto philanthropy and devote ourselves to fill up the gaps in the traditional philanthropy industry.

Cryptocurrency and blockchain technology have some fascinating features that could have a huge impact on charities and charitable giving. We also make direct donations to charities accepting cryptocurrency donations such as Binance Charity Chain, Save the Children etc. Blockchain technology builds a global ecosystem, this kind of boundless global ecosystem will eliminate current challenges with accepting donations from international contributors by cutting down fees, lowering administrative costs, and speeding up processes with no middlemen involved.

The Eternal God Chain was inspired by the desire to create a platform that would enable people from all over the world to come together and participate in charitable work. It was created with the aim of helping people make their donations go further and make an impact on communities around the world.

b) Core Team Member

Lukas Boehm - CEO
 Mainz, Germany

Business professional with 10+ years' experience across a broad range of business functions and diverse industry segments. Passionate about practical philanthropic solutions for humanitarian work globally, leveraging Blockchain technology. Expertise in digital currency capital markets, fin-tech product development, and innovation conferences. Versatile with proven skills in business development, investor relations, blockchain technology, product management, data analysis, Agile methodologies and digital strategy.

Marketing Associate

London Blockchain Foundation

Blockchain based philanthropic solution provider

2020 -

CMO

Adapa Titi GmbH
Integrated consulting company for blockchain and fin-tech start-ups
2017 - 2020

VP Whirlwind Capital Management Capital management. Fintech 2014 - 2017

Co-founder & CEO
Symmetric Digital GmbH

Provide on-demand IT development and marketing campaigns to various brands and non-profit organizations.

2011 - 2014

LMU München

Doctor of Philosophy (PhD) 2007 - 2011

Siddharth Deshmukh - CTO

New Delhi, India

Computer Scientist

Senior Product Manager

Senior Program Manager

Microsoft

Redmond, Washington

May 2015 - Jan 2018

Google

Bengaluru, India

Feb 2012 - Jan 2014

Lead Product Manager

PDG software. Inc.

Delivered API Management feature

Hyderabad, Telangana, India

May 2010 - Dec 2011

Project Planning Director

Airtel

Gurgaon, Haryana, India Feb 2009 - Feb 2010

Kingston University London

Msc Business Statistics 2006-2007

Indian Institute of Technology, Bombay
B.Tech. Computer Science and Engineering 2002-2006

Mohammed Bin Ali - CFO
 Angel Investor
 London, UK

Mohammed has been in the industry of investing for more than 20 years. He runs a family office in London for his relatives in the Middle East.

 Jerry Lau - VP of Product Computer Scientist
 Hong Kong SAR of P.R.C

Senior VP of Product with years of experience in crypto currency and blockchain industry. Jerry used to work for Alibaba Cloud (Aliyun) department and has a special vision for marketing.



6. Real World Impact

a) Zimbabwe Well Project

London Blockchain Foundation(LBF) has already made its first attempt in the Republic of Zimbabwe. We have worked with several local organisations to provide local community clean water. So far we have done 10 wells in drought villages. All donations were made through blockchain.

b) Payment Card and FX solution

We are negotiating with multiple payment gateway providers. We aim to start issuing our own visa/mastro debit card for organisational use in late 2022 and personal use in Spring 2023. There is also a side project focusing on the application of the blockchain technology in the foreign exchange (FX) industry. Decentralized finance (DeFi) has brought us a lot more new insights than what traditional bankers would offer. Think of it as removing brokerages, exchanges, banks and other intermediaries from the equation. Without the middleman, we can much lower the expenses incurred from a FX transaction, as well as shorten the waiting time greatly during the process of a transaction. As of January 2021, approximately \$20.5 billion was invested in DeFi, therefore the liquidity is more than enough for DeFi technology to be applied in our everyday financial life. (Ponciano, Jonathan. "Ether's Market Value Surges \$20 Billion In One Day While Bitcoin Prices Slow–Here's Why". Forbes.) As the degree of globalization gradually deepens, people will be more willing to travel or study abroad. There are considerable needs in the market for a faster, more reliable and cheaper FX solution.

c) Examples of philanthropic blockchain projects (Source: pixelplex.io)

Let's take a look at some of the major blockchain charity platforms that help solve the common issues of transparency and accountability with making donations.

World Food Programme

The World Food Programme uses blockchain smart contracts to provide food aid, track donations, and address the problem of global hunger. The project's "Building Blocks" blockchain solution ensures that transfers of funds are encrypted and secured. Taking middlemen out of the picture, the platform significantly reduces fees and makes sending donations much easier. The World Food Programme's Innovation Accelerator combines blockchain with other emerging technologies such as artificial intelligence and the IoT to find innovative solutions to global hunger.

Alice crowdfunding platform

Alice helps charities collect donations and transfers funds only when the goals and objectives of the philanthropic program are met. Based on the Ethereum blockchain, the crowdfunding platform introduces transparency and trust through smart contracts that have the milestones preprogrammed for each charitable cause. After a certain milestone is reached, the donated funds are released to the beneficiaries. If the nonprofit organization doesn't manage to meet the conditions by the deadline, the donor can ask for a refund to withdraw their donation.

BitGive donation project

BitGive was the first blockchain nonprofit to take advantage of the technology's potential to lower transaction costs, accelerate the donation process, and provide the ability to follow the charitable campaign's progress. With BitGive's donation platform the donors are provided with real-time financial information as well as the results achieved by the projects

they have supported. The platform avoids dealing with banks, financial institutions, and other middlemen, making donating a seamless and trustworthy process.

Binance Charity

Binance Charity is a decentralized donation solution with fully transparent transaction flows. Givers see exactly how their funds are dispersed and the impact they are making. There's a variety of projects already initiated on the platform, including providing healthy food for children in Africa, improving living conditions of refugees, supporting education in developing and least developed countries, rebuilding and renovating, and disaster relief. Supporters can choose which project to donate to or just transfer funds to the Binance Charity Wallet and let the organization distribute them. Donors can easily follow and see how their contributions made an impact.

AIDChain

AIDChain is a charity platform that connects philanthropic organizations, donors, beneficiaries, and service providers into one ecosystem. It allows charities to promote themselves and their projects while also leaving the opportunity for them to collect donations on their own platforms. They've developed a payment gateway and widget which could be placed on websites to accept cryptocurrency contributions.

AIDChain supports 23 of the most popular currencies and has partnerships with trading and exchange platforms such as Bittrex and Bitfinex to allow beneficiaries to easily exchange crypto for fiat. The charity project also allows donors to easily track their donations and the impact they are having.

7. Future Vision

NFT

*A non-fungible token (NFT) is a unit of data stored on a digital ledger, called a blockchain, that certifies a digital asset to be unique and therefore not interchangeable. NFTs can be used to represent items such as photos, videos, audio, and other types of digital files. Access to any copy of the original file, however, is not restricted to the buyer of the NFT. While copies of these digital items are available for anyone to obtain, NFTs are tracked on blockchains to provide the owner with a proof of ownership that is separate from copyright. (Source: Wikipedia)

a) Our NFT project

We are working on this thrilling new feature on Eternal God Chain, which will be our very first NFT project. We aim to connect artists with connoisseurs in a way that suits the lifestyle of millennials' era. No matter who you are; connoisseurs, investors, collectors or someone just happens to passby, everyone will be able to purchase, transfer and trade art pieces on our platform freely. In addition, NFT can also be used for tracking donations. We plan to introduce a new structure based on non-fungible tokens.

b) Blockchain Charity Auctions

Eternal God Chain is planning to launch a platform designed to allow charitable organizations to raise funds by providing "experiences" and luxury items for auction, sale or as a sweepstakes prize. The Platform will provide all of the tools and technology necessary for charitable organizations, celebrities, companies and certain individual private donors to

conduct these events. For example, private donors like collectors, designers, art gallery owners, artists or anyone who is qualified can put their articles up for sale. Once the articles have gained approval from the Eternal God Chain team, they are put online with the donation percentage clearly listed under the bid box for the item or experience.

For every online auction, our platform shows the donation percentage to charity directly below each bid box. These amounts vary, depending on the source of the item. Most of the net raised amount is remitted to charity (payment processing fees; VAT; Third party costs need to be deducted).

Charity auctions enable value exchange from off-chain to on-chain between donors. All participants not only obtained the expected items/experiences, but also supported the development of charitable activities. This will provide our project with the opportunity to raise more charitable funds; at the same time, it can also increase its reputation through the participation of certain prestigious organizations or celebrities.

8. Terms and Conditions

a) Legal Information

London Blockchain Foundation is a registered charity (UK registered charity number #######) - to be made

GLOBAL SUPPLY LTD is a company limited by guarantee (UK registered company number 12449210)

Registered office: Kemp House, 160 City Road, London, United Kingdom, EC1V 2NX

b) Regulatory Information

These Terms and Conditions shall be governed and construed in accordance with the laws of England. Any disputes arising here shall be exclusively subject to the jurisdiction of the courts of England.

c) ICO Participants

YYDS ICO is not available to residents of:

- China
- United States
- Canada
- Where local authorities bans cryptocurrency trading activities

d) Risks

We are not responsible for any losses in capital caused by any interruptions in the service, or resulting from the transfer of data. We cannot guarantee the rate of return on investment (ROI) due to the crypto market volatility.

e) Copyright

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f) Disclaimer

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